

DATE 19/01/24

LIVRAISON N°

41

EXPÉDITEUR

SFACS Industrie

Société Fluides Air Comprimé Services

Sarl au capital de 8000,00 €

Siège Social : Les Meuilles

26350 MONTRIGAUD

Tél. 09 61 31 16 40 - Fax 04 86 55 63 01

Site Web : www.sfacs-industrie.fr

Siret : 518 702 998 00023 - RCS Romans - FR 865 187 029 98

DESTINATAIRE

Boisnet TP

Chenais

Réf. commande :

Emballage

Port :

Conditions de paiement :

EXACOMPTA

- Installation schém ED 144 plus confection
by pass + raccordement élec.
N° 2001-005099. 2020
- Envoi OK.
- Boîtier ligne Ø28 cotévier (futur bureau)

Fournitures : 1. Lot Inox
1. Lot vannes
2. Busges électroisolée
1. PC Mono
1. schém
1. Bloc Triplate

7° + dépl
Frais) P. suivant devis.

Reçu les marchandises ci-dessus en bon état

Signature :

A

le

Nous nous réservons la propriété des marchandises jusqu'au paiement intégral de notre facture.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0)$.

2. In the second part, we consider the problem of finding the maximum value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. It is shown that the maximum value is attained at $x = 0$ and is equal to $f(0)$.

3. The third part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0)$.

4. In the fourth part, we consider the problem of finding the maximum value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. It is shown that the maximum value is attained at $x = 0$ and is equal to $f(0)$.

5. The fifth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0)$.

6. In the sixth part, we consider the problem of finding the maximum value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. It is shown that the maximum value is attained at $x = 0$ and is equal to $f(0)$.

7. The seventh part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0)$.

8. In the eighth part, we consider the problem of finding the maximum value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. It is shown that the maximum value is attained at $x = 0$ and is equal to $f(0)$.

9. The ninth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0)$.

10. In the tenth part, we consider the problem of finding the maximum value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. It is shown that the maximum value is attained at $x = 0$ and is equal to $f(0)$.